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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/018,896	12/14/2001	Armin Rettig	FA-1047	6106
759	06/07/2004		EXAM	NER
E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. Legal /Patent Records Center Barley Mill Plaza 25/1128 Wilmington, DE 19805			MICHENER, JENNIFER KOLB	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1762	
			DATE MAILED: 06/07/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary	10/018,896	RETTIG ET AL.			
omec Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
The MAILING DATE of this communication on	Jennifer K. Michener	1762			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	Dears on the cover sneet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE.	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. & 133)			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 A</u>	nril 2004				
	s action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-33 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 33 is/are withdrawn f 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-32 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicationity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	Λ □				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)			
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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's confirmation of the election without traverse of claims 1-32 in the paper of 4/8/04 is acknowledged.

Double Patenting

2. The rejection of claim 10 under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,531,189 has been withdrawn in light of Applicant's terminal disclaimer.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. Claims 10-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fujisawa et al. (4,960,611).

Examiner maintains the rejection.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed 4/8/2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that Fujisawa is fundamentally different from the Applicant's invention for various reasons.

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Examiner disagrees and maintains the rejection. Applicant's arguments are addressed individually herein.

Regarding Applicant's argument that Fujisawa's repair method is used only for defects arising from adhesion of dust particles, oil droplets, and the like, Examiner notes that the source of the "defective area" of claim 1 is not specified. A dust particle in the lacquer coating would qualify as the claimed "defective area". Additionally, the instant specification discloses that a defect type that may be treated by the instant invention includes "dirt", similar to Fujisawa's dust particle.

Applicant argues that the "solid" composition or "palletized" composition embodiments of Fujisawa do not meet Applicant's limitation of "powder" and cites several embodiments of Fujisawa's invention that use backing layers or compressed powders to show that Fujisawa teaches away from the present invention.

While Examiner acknowledges the various embodiments of Fujisawa which may not meet the limitations of Applicant, Examiner notes that only one embodiment of Fujisawa must teach Applicant's invention. Other embodiments are merely exemplary. Examiner maintains that the solid embodiment of Fujisawa meets the limitation of Applicant. Even when the powder is applied to a backing sheet, Examiner notes that the claim meets the limitation of "applying a powder coating" because the backing sheet merely provides the means for application of the powder. In the case of the pelletized embodiment, Examiner notes that powders compressed into pellets of a larger size would still be

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considered a powder of a larger diameter. Lastly, Examiner cites col. 3, line 62, in which Fujisawa teaches a number of phenomena by which his invention is performed, such as the "agglomeration of base resin particles, forming a continuous coating". This last teaching of "particles" provides a "powder coating" as required by Applicant.

Applicant argues that his powder is "flowable" unlike Fujisawa's. He admits that each particle is not flowable, but that the composition as a whole is flowable.

Examiner notes that the claim does not require flowability.

However, if Applicant were to add such a limitation, Examiner notes that Fujisawa teaches the use of the composition as a liquid, which is flowable, and the use of water in the "solid" embodiment (col. 3, lines 14 and 25). Since Applicant also teaches the use of water in his powder composition (when a slurry is used), Fujisawa's powder would inherently flow in the same manner as Applicant's when supplied in the aqueous medium.

Applicant argues that his method is useful in repairing horizontal or vertical surfaces, which is more versatile than Fujisawa's method since a laser is used to melt the composition of Fujisawa and gravity would cause the melting composition to flow downward instead of into the defect cavity.

Examiner notes that the claim does not require the use of his method on vertical surfaces. Additionally, Applicant also requires "melting" of his repair composition which, like Fujisawa, may be applied in an aqueous slurry (p. 4 of the instant specification

teaches that "powder" is inclusive of an aqueous slurry thereof; see also claim 16).

Therefore, the application of an aqueous slurry by Applicant or the application of NIR to melt the powder of Applicant would produce the same limitations on vertical application as allegedly produced by Fujisawa.

Conclusion

5. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jennifer K Michener whose telephone number is (571) 272-1424. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday and alternate Fridays.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Shrive P. Beck can be reached on 571-272-1415. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jennifer Kolb Michener

Patent Examiner

Technology Center 1700

June 2, 2004